



# **MANUAL OF USE INSTALLATION & OPERATION**

**OPEN SIDE FIREPLACES**

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## **Thank you for your trust and for choosing A.Caminetti OPEN SIDE FIREPLACE!**

We can be confident that our commitment to designing and manufacturing fireplaces will be matched by your satisfaction in making this excellent choice. Please read all the sections in this Manual carefully before starting any installation work and use. Please contact our technical- support department if you have any queries or doubts. For any further information go to

[www.acaminetti-factory.com](http://www.acaminetti-factory.com).

This User Manual is valid in general for all types of open side stoves manufactured by A.caminetti. The open side fireplaces may only be operated in accordance with this manual!

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

This manual provides all the necessary information for the correct connection, operation and maintenance of the firebox.



Please make sure that the open side fireplace is operated in the correct way: use suitable wood, and clean regularly, to be rewarded with many wonderful and warm autumns and winters.

Please find below a few guidelines for the correct maintenance of the open side fireplace

- 1.The firebox must be installed and adapted by qualified persons
- 2.Check the chimney flue at least once a year
- 3.Use dry hardwood with a humidity of up to 20%
4. Replace the sealing before every heating season (joint strengthening in the door and under the glass)
- 5.Remove ash regularly
6. Do not overheat the firebox: maximum load must not exceed 1/3 of the combustion-chamber volume
- 7.Clean the glass with agents intended for such use, keeping in mind not to apply them directly onto the glass, but on a cloth.

We only provide a warranty on our products if all the instructions listed in this operation manual are adhered to.

Your A.caminetti stove has probably already been installed, and perhaps you have used it for the first time. To most of us, an operating manual is something we consult when everything else has failed particularly if we have had a wood-burning stove for many years. Nonetheless, we hope that you will take the time to read this manual as you would use different wood-burning stove models differently. In order to fully enjoy your new stove, you should familiarize yourself with it; this is not difficult but merely requires a little patience. For any further information go to [www.acaminetti-factory.com](http://www.acaminetti-factory.com).

To avoid the risk of fire, the appliance must be installed in compliance with the valid standards and technical practice referred to in this Manual. Its installation must be carried out by a professional or qualified person.

A.Caminetti is a renowned and appreciated heating appliance manufacturer, on European market. Our products are made in compliance with stringent standards. Each of the fireboxes we have manufactured undergoes internal quality inspection, during which it is assessed in rigorous safety tests. The prime-quality materials we use in the production ensures that the final user will benefit from a functional and reliable heating unit. This manual provides all the necessary information for the correct connection, operation and maintenance of the firebox.

## 2. APPLICATIONS

The open side fireplaces by A.Caminetti are fireplaces from the group of solid-fuel hearths with a manual fuel load, connected to a building by means of a conduit which transports flue gases out of the building, and a lockable hearth door. They are designed to burn hardwood, specifically, hornbeam, oak, beech, acacia, elm, maple, or birch, with a humidity of <20% (lignite and charcoal briquettes are also allowed). They provide an additional heat source for the rooms they are installed in.

**THE REQUIREMENTS ON THE CONDITIONS AND RULES OF INSTALLING HEARTH'S SUCH AS FIREPLACE FIREBOXES OR FREE-STANDING WOOD-BURNING SPACE HEATERS CAN BE FOUND IN THE APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND NATIONAL AND LOCAL REGULATIONS IN EVERY COUNTRY ADHERING TO THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED THERE!**

Any applicable laws at the site where the appliance is installed must be adhered to at all times. Firstly, make sure that the chimney flue is suitable.

The appliance must be installed in compliance with the applicable construction-law standards. The firebox must be placed within a safe distance from any inflammable materials. Protect walls and materials surrounding the firebox if necessary. Place the appliance on a rigid, non-flammable base; the chimney must be air-tight with smooth walls. Prior to being connected, it must be cleaned of soot and any contaminants; the connection between the chimney and the firebox must be air-tight and made of non-flammable materials and protected against oxidation (enamel or steel flue liner).

If the chimney generates poor draught, consider installing new ducts. It is also important that the chimney does not generate too much draught, but, if so, install a chimney-draught stabiliser; alternatively, special chimney terminations for the draught control. The inspection of the chimney flue must be contracted to a master chimney sweep, and any conversions are obliged to be made by an authorised service only, so that all the requirements stipulated by the respective national law in force are met.



### 3. INSTALLATION

A.caminetti wood-burning open side fireplaces have been tested and approved by testing institutes in accordance with applicable law. Prior to final approval, the fireplaces are subjected to various fire technical tests. Your wood-burning stove has been tested with a top outlet. Birchwood with 12 - 20% humidity was used during the testing. You should ensure that your stove is installed in accordance with applicable codes, regulations and safety distances for combustible material. All A.caminetti dealers will be happy to tell you about the requirements applying to your specific stove and give you further instructions on its correct installation. Furthermore, your dealer / chimney sweep may tell you exactly which type of chimney you need to choose

You should ensure that sufficient combustion air is delivered to the stove, also with the simultaneous use of other heating or exhaustion devices. The insulation of contemporary homes is often so good that fresh air valves are necessary to supply fresh air from outside. If your home is fitted with fresh air grates, any blocking of these must be prevented.

Furthermore, you should check if the vermiculite plating is fitted correctly in the fire chamber. Please refer to the illustration in this manual for positioning instructions.

**\*\*NOTE BEFORE INSTALLATION !!!**



To prevent the risk of fire, the heater must be installed in compliance with the rules and regulations of good building practice, and with the technical guidelines provided in this Installation and Operation Manual. The design of the chimney system must be by a qualified specialist. Prior to commissioning, a recorded technical acceptance must be conducted and the chimney sweep and fire-specialist assessment attached.

### 4. GENERAL REMARKS

- a) Prior to the heater's installation, the chimney flue must be assessed by an expert and accepted for its technical specifications, as well as the technical functionality of leak tightness and flow capacity.
  - b) The installation and startup of the heater must be carried out by an installation-specialist company with satisfactory qualifications and experience.
  - c) The heater must be placed as close to the chimney flue as possible. The room it will be installed in must have a functional ventilation system and the required amount of air for correct heater operation.
  - d) Before you start using the heater, remove the stickers from the glass.
  - e) The heater's technical specifications apply to the fuel defined herein.
  - f) ) The chimney flues must be inspected in the due time (min. twice a year).
  - g) Pursuant to the applicable law, a stove may not be the only source of heat, but a supplementary one to the existing heating system only. The purpose of such a regulation is the necessity to provide heating for buildings during a prolonged absence of residents.
- The heater's installation must be performed with adherence to the provisions in force within this standard scope, construction-law requirements and fire-safety standards in force in this regard. The particular provisions on design

## 5. FUEL CHOICE

### Recommended Fuel

- the manufacturer recommends hardwood billets like beech, hornbeam, oak, alder, birch, ash, etc., with billet or split log dimensions 30cm long and circumferences between 20 and 30cm, and lignite briquettes.
- the humidity of the fuel wood for the appliance should not exceed 20%, which is characteristic of wood seasoned 2 years after felling and stored under cover.

### Not Recommended Fuel

You should avoid burning billets of split logs with a humidity of over 20% as it can prevent the appliance from achieving its declared technical specifications, and can reduce the heat output. Burning softwood billets and high-resin wood in the appliance is not recommended, as they result in heavy smoking and frequent cleaning of the appliance and chimney flue.

### Prohibited Fuel

The following is not allowed to be burned in the heaters: minerals, e.g. coal, tropical wood (like mahogany), chemical products and fluids, (like oil, alcohol, petrol, and naphthalene), laminated boards, or adhesive-bonded, impregnated or pressed wood chips and litter. If any other fuel is allowed, it will be notified on the rating plate.

Avoid filling the hearth with wood fully, optimising the amount of fuel at one-third of the combustion chamber's capacity. Before you replenish the wood, wait until the flames have died down; do not add wood onto too much heat. After you light the fire, make sure you replenish

the wood in the combustion chamber by putting fuel inside so that the chamber is filled in a reasonable way for the intended burning time determined by the user, based on his/her individual experience.

Close the door each time. After a long period of non-use, a lower output startup is recommended.

## 6. ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

The installation of the heater must be carried out by a person who is sufficiently qualified to conduct assembly and installation work of this kind. This is a prerequisite for safe fireplace firebox use. The installer must confirm correct assembly and installation execution in the guarantee certificate by signing and sealing it. Failure to comply with this requirement will void all the Buyer's warranty claims against the heater manufacturer.

## 7. PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION / UNPACKING

The heater is delivered in a ready-to-be-installed state. Remove the packaging and check the appliance for completeness according to this Operation Manual. You should also ensure that the following are operational

- The control of the air supply ;
- The correct functioning of closing the front door (hinges, handle);
- The flue and smoke pipe durability must have a fire-resistance rating of a min. of 1 hr;
- The heater may be installed only after the smoke-duct chimney-sweep report has been completed.

All cardboard and synthetic materials are recyclable. Please dispose of these at your local recycling center. None of the wooden parts have been surface treated, and they can be used as heating materials for your woodstove. Very carefully open the packaging so that you do not damage anything. Prior to installation, make sure that the base construction can support the weight of the stove!



## 8. CONNECTION TO CHIMNEY STACK

A open side fireplace must be connected to an individual chimney flue.

The minimum chimney draughts for rated heat output [Pa]: the chimney-draught values

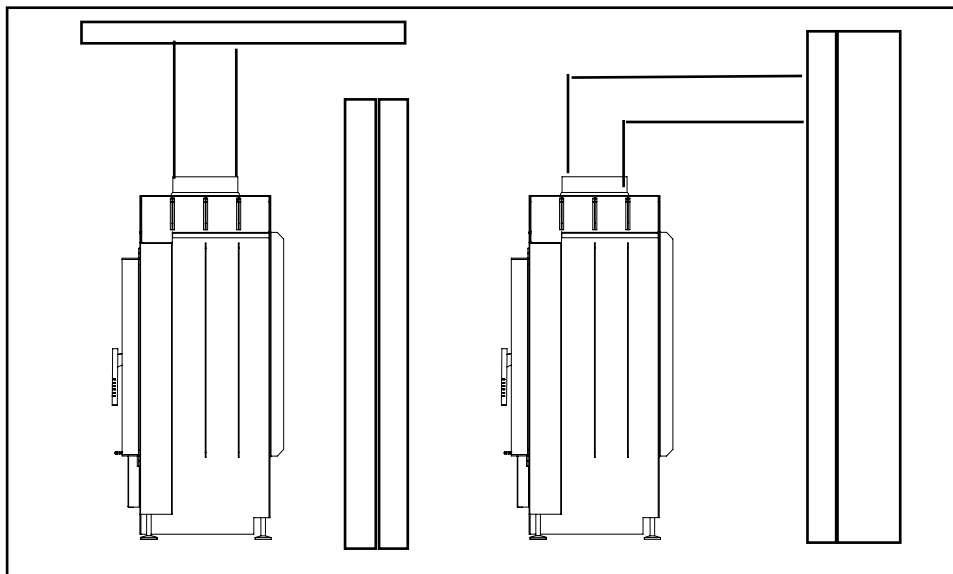
- Minimum draught:  $6 \pm 1$  Pa
- Medium, recommended draught:  $12 \pm 2$  Pa
- Maximum draught:  $15 \pm 2$  Pa

The parts used for connections must be designed according to standard dIn En 13384. - A steel tube (chimney flue) designed for connecting the fireplace insert to the chimney and containing a CE label can be used (the minimum thickness of the wall is 2 mm, for stainless steel, 1 mm).

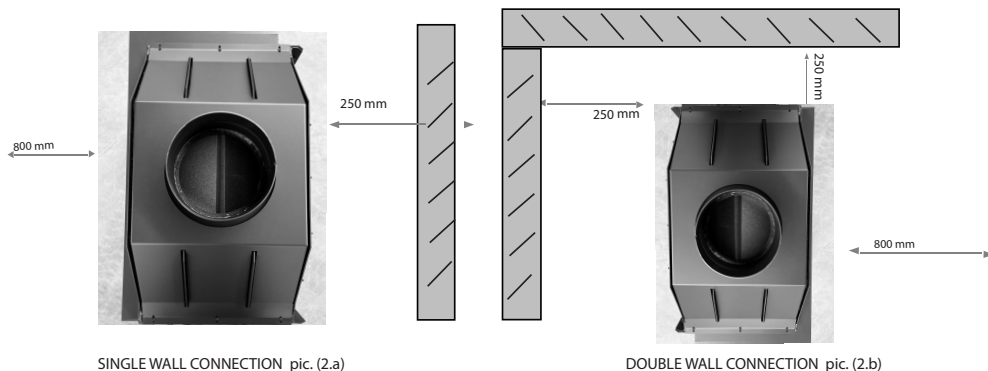
- If the draught in the chimney during the operation of fireplace insert is too high (more than 20 Pa), it is recommended to install a chimney flap. In this case, make sure that:

- the flap is not automatically closed
- the flap has easy and clear control and the closed and open positions are marked the flap has holes in the net section of at least 3 % of the size of the total cross-section of the flap, however, a minimum of 20 cm<sup>2</sup>

### 2 CONNECTION METHODS



## 9. POSITIONING THE FIREPLACE AT A SAFE DISTANCE



## POSITIONING THE OPEN SIDE FIREPLACE AT A SAFE DISTANCE

The fireplace should be positioned on a non-flammable floor which is at least 2.030 mm thick, and the flammable floor in front of the heater door should be separated with at least a 30-cm area of non-flammable material (e.g. ceramic or vitrified tiles, stone, glass or steel base).

A fireplace with the connecting components of the flue-discharge system must be at a distance of at least 60 cm from any uncovered flammable structural components of the building, and at least 20 cm from the covered ones. The distance from the side and back walls of the stove to the flammable materials must be a min. of 20 cm, and the distance from the stove door/glass to the flammable materials must be min. 80 cm. Remember that during all stove operation and maintenance work the temperature of the stove's steel parts might be high, so wear heat-resistant gloves for the stove's operation. Follow the rules which ensure the basic safety conditions for all operation and use of the stove.

- Read the heater's Operation Manual and adhere to its instructions at all times; -The fireplace must be installed and started by an installer complying with the safety rules; - Do not leave any heat-sensitive items near the stove glass, do not put out the fire in the hearth with water, do not operate the stove when its glass is fractured, do not allow any flammable items near the stove; - Any items made of flammable materials must be put at a distance of at least 1.5 m from the hearth -

## THE VENTILATION OF THE ROOM WITH THE FIREPLACE INSTALLED

The stove consumes air for its operation, so the proper ventilation of the room in which it is installed is required. The supply grilles of the ventilation system in the room should be protected against automatic closing.

## Safety (Please read, very important!!)

Check on a regular basis to make sure that the woodstove has been attached to the chimney in compliance with all regulations.

Carefully read the User's Guide before you use your woodstove for the first time. This will provide you with information about how to safely operate your stove.

During operation, the fireplace surface will become very hot. Pay attention, in particular, to children playing in the vicinity of the stove, as they are most likely to be at risk of injury. Keep small children away from the stove.

Make sure that no combustible material is located in the vicinity of or on top of the fireplace. Keep the door to the fireplace closed at all times, even if the woodstove is not in operation (with the exception of the initial heating up cycle).

Avoid overloading your woodstove by adding too much fuel at one time.

Never use alcohol, gasoline or other illegal, fire accelerators to start your fire.

No combustible elements should be located within the heat radiation area of your woodstove.

Empty the ash drawer on a regular basis so that it never completely fills up with ashes. Otherwise, the air supply to the woodstove will be blocked.

Always slide the ash drawer all the way to the back, up to the stop position.

Be sure to provide an adequate supply of fresh air to the woodstove. The stove consumes oxygen.

Do not forget that a kitchen fan that is located in the same or an adjacent room can cause a vacuum situation, which results in a smoke build-up within the room. Make sure that you have a sufficient supply of fresh air.

Never remove hot ashes. Store the ashes in a container that is fire-proof and not combustible.

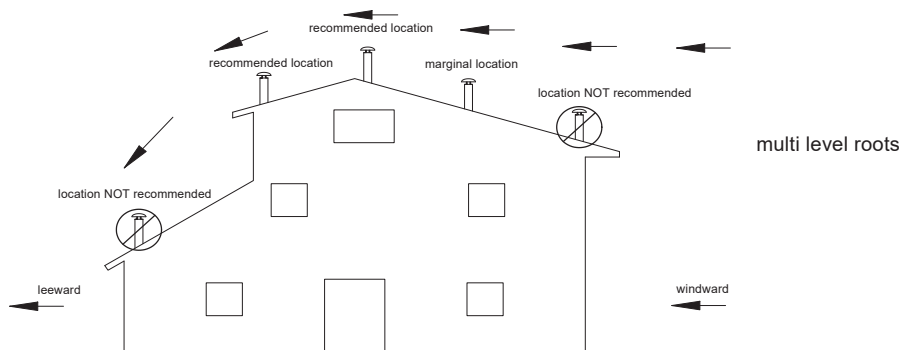
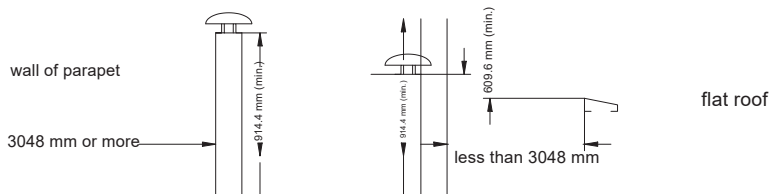
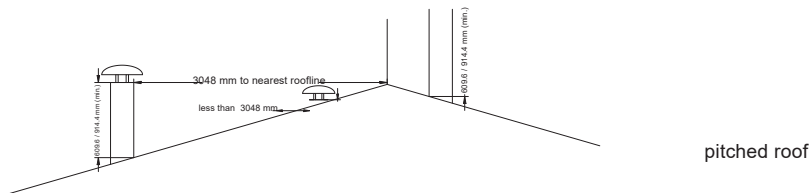
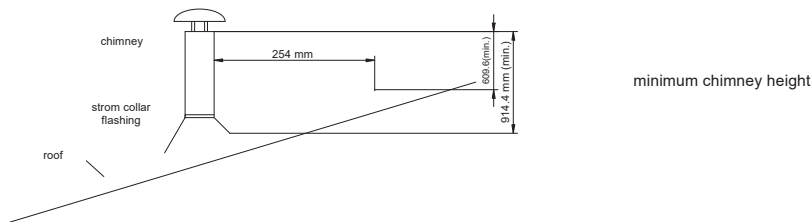
Always use the protective glove when operating the woodstove.

Do not touch the stove with your bare hand when it is in operation.

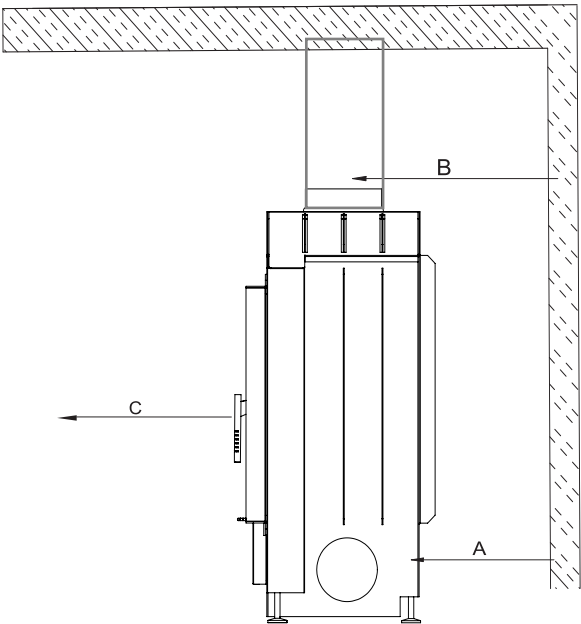
Do not store any combustible liquids in the vicinity of your woodstove!



9.1 CHIMNEY POSITIONING



# 10. DISTANCE TO FURNITURE



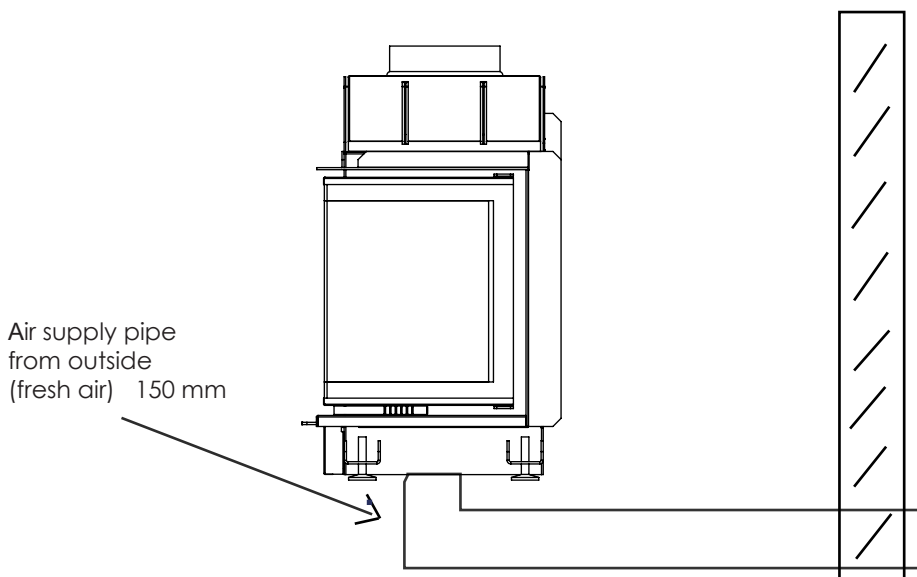
The minimal recommended distance from stove to furniture is 48 inches. Note that some furniture are more easily affected by heat and may be needed to stay at a further distance. This is your responsibility.

In addition, other combustile materials, have to be kept away from the stove. In general, a distance, newspapers, firewood etc. Failure to meet the required clearances can endanger property and personal safety.

	clearance with single wall pipe	clearance with double wall pipe
A - backwall to unit	250 mm	250 mm
B - backwall to pipe	250 mm	250 mm
C - frontwall / furniture	800 mm	800 mm

## 11. AIR SUPPLY FROM OUTSIDE - CONNECTION METHODS

- The fireplace insert must only be operated in rooms with a sufficient supply of air for burning.



Equipment for extracting air (e.g. ventilation equipment, steam exhausting unit), which is operated with the fireplace insert in one room, may interfere with the air supply into the fireplace

insert. In such an event, make sure that in the room no under-pressure occurs compared with the outdoor environment.

- To supply air, it is recommended to use the shortest possible route and to deviate from the direction of the line only if strictly necessary.
- Use work diagrams (see the professional regulations for fireplace specialists - Tr-öl) and determine the cross-section of the air supply line.
- The air supply line must be from fireproofed form stable material.
- remove the insulation from the air supply line to prevent condensation

Air can be supplied to the combustion chamber from within the room or from outside. The stove is fitted with an in-built outside air-intake opening - connector dia. 150 mm. The adjustment of the fresh air inlet under the fire grate is effected by means of a single control device below the firebox door.

The air is redirected into the combustion chamber inside the space (air chamber) below the fire grate on which combustion takes place.

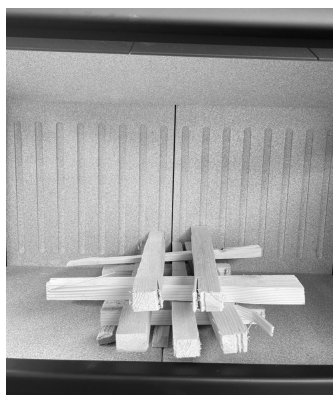
## 12. STARTING A OPEN SIDE FIREPLACE, AIR CONTROL REGULATIONS

The so-called top-down lighting is the only correct and recommended method of starting fireplaces and free-standing stoves. STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURE 1.

**MATERIAL NEEDED** -A few larger wooden billets (split; max. humidity 20%; approx. 10-13 cm) - a handful of splints for kindling (dia. approx. 2-5 cm ; max. humidity 20%) -Tinder of choice - Matches/Lighter

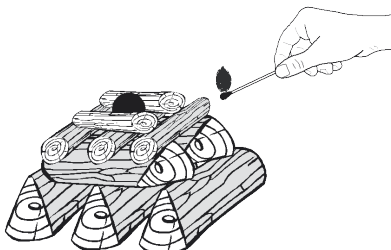
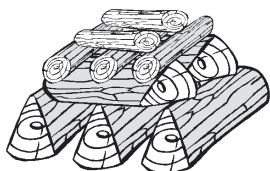


(Fig. 7a)



First check that there is no large quantity of ash in the burning chamber. This would cause hot particles to fall from the fireplace insert into the room when adding wood.

1. Set the handle for regulation of the air supply for burning to the maximum (fig 8.2). This ensures a sufficient supply of air for ignition.
2. Open the door of the fireplace and on the bottom of the chamber place the dose of fuel recommended for your type of the fireplace insert against the rear wall. First place the larger pieces of wood, then smaller pieces (Fig. 7a).
3. Place into the upper part of inserted wood, between the small pieces of wood, the stated ignition piece then ignite it.
4. Close the door and observe the fire until it is fully burning.
5. If the fire is burned and the whole dose of fuel is burning, set the regulation of the air supply into the central position (Fig. 8) to achieve the optimal output. If the burning did not start, repeat the step No. 4.
6. If it is not necessary, do not open the door of the fireplace and do not interfere with the burning. Leave the dose of the fuel to burn out. Add the next dose in the heat phase (active burning with flames terminated). Slowly open the door to prevent the escape of smoke into the room and add the dose of the fuel to your fireplace.



7. If you do not want to add more fuel and the dose has burnt out, set the regulation of air to the left to the minimum (Fig. 9). This will prevent burning air getting into the chamber and will prolong the heat phase. The coal will remain hot in the chamber longer and the heat will not escape through the chimney.

All A.caminetti Open side stoves include:

**CRYSTAL 80 OPEN SIDE,**

**FLAT 60 OPEN SIDE,**

**FLAT 80 OPEN SIDE,**

**QUATTRO 70 L OPEN SIDE,**

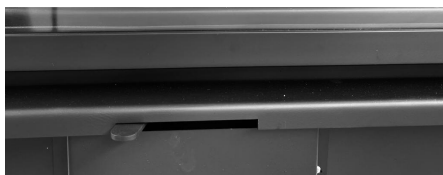
**QUATTRO 70 R OPEN SIDE,**

have the same air control system as in the photo below.



AIR CONTROL

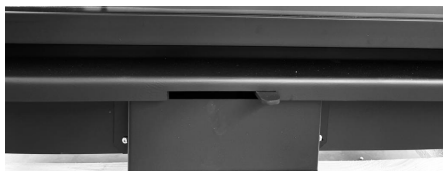
## POSITIONING OF AIR CONTROL



(FIG.8)



(FIG 8.1)



(FIG 8.2)

Notification: During active burning (visible fire), never close the air supply and do not smother the fire! Air flowing into the burning chamber cools the ceramic glass. If closing the supply of air, it can be overheated and irreversible changes can occur in the crystalline structure of the glass. During burning with an insufficient air supply, an excessive amount of harmful carbon monoxide - CO will originate. In the case of opening the air supply too fast, there may be a rapid reaction of the collected gases with the oxygen.

### **Note!!**

**In all the open side models the opening of air supply is on the right position (fig 8.2) and the closing of air supply is when it is on the left (fig.8).**

## 13. CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

### 13.1 NORMAL STOVE BURNING AND EXTINGUISHING

To prevent flue gases from escaping during the heater's operation, the door should be closed at all times, except for lighting, fuel loading and removing ash. The maximum air supply must be provided when lighting the fire.

Do not use inflammable liquids, grease or other improper agents as a lighting aid. Once the stove has been lit and in normal operation, the burning parameters may be controlled by means of the air-supply control fitted below the door. With the primary air control set to the full open position, the greatest volume of air is supplied to the combustion chamber under the hearth, thanks to which intense fuel burning occurs.

### 13.2. REMOVING ASH

Notice: Ash can contain hot coal for up to 24 hours. Always remove the ash when it is cold and extinguish the fireplace insert! Then place them for 24 hours into a non-flammable vessel out of the reach of children. Your A.caminetti fireplace insert uses the latest and the most effective grid-free method of burning. Remove the ash within regular intervals adapted to the intensity of the heating. When cleaning, leave a small quantity of ash to speed up the ignition.

### 13.3 EXTINGUISHING

To extinguish the fire, close the primary air supply completely, which will result in the fuel's burning out on its own. When quick flame quenching is necessary, cover the hearth chamber with dry sand or ash. Extinguishing the stove with water is not allowed, as it puts its components at risk of damage.

### 13.4 CHIMNEY-FLUE MAINTENANCE

A well-cleaned and maintained chimney provides the basis for correct and safe stove operation. The user must clean the chimney in accordance with the valid regulations. How often you clean and perform the maintenance depends on the chimney insulation and the type of wood used. Using seasoned wood with a humidity above 20%, or softwood, will pose the risk of a chimney fire related to a thick layer of flammable creosote deposits, which must be removed regularly. Failing to remove the creosote layer inside the chimney liner causes sealing damage, and also contributes to corrosion build-up. Consequently, the regular inspection and maintenance of the stove and its related components are required.

### 13.5 HEARTH CLEANING

Before and after each heating season, the hearth must be cleaned and checked carefully, as leaving ash in the ash drawer over a longer time will cause its chemical corrosion. During operation, regular cleaning of the firebox-combustion chamber must be performed (how often it needs to be done depends on the variety and humidity of the wood used). Use a poker, scrapers, a brush, chimney vacuums and ash separators for cleaning the hearth components.

### 13.6 GLASS CLEANING

The glass gets heated up to high temperatures, so clean it only when the hearth has cooled down. Clean it using approved agents designed for this purpose only (do not use them to clean the firebox parts). Do not use any abrasive agents for this purpose, as this may cause its surface to be scratched.

## 14. DOOR OPENING/CLOSING

caminetti open side fireplace enable one method for closing the door

manual closing

The door is set in production for manual closing with the instructions above, on this manual.



## SPARE PARTS

If after many years you find exchanging some parts necessary, contact the supplier or any representative of our company. To order a spare part, submit the information listed in the rating plate located on the back of the guarantee certificate, which must be kept even when the guarantee has terminated.

If you have this information, and our factory documentation, the supplier will be able to deliver all spare parts in a short time.

## 15. WHAT TO DO IN THE CASE OF A DEFECT

The glass is heavily smoked

Possible reasons:

- incorrect fuel is used
- regulation of the combustion air is not opened
- the line for the external air supply is blocked (contact your fireplace technician - the draught of the chimney is insufficient - in the transient period.

The fire does not want to ignite and keeps on going out

Possible reasons:

- incorrect fuel is used
- regulation of the combustion air is not opened
- the line for the external air supply is blocked (contact your fireplace technician)
- the draught of the chimney is insufficient - in the transient period.

Smoke escapes into the room when wood is added

Possible reasons:

- incorrect fuel is used
- the draught in the chimney is insufficient - in the transient period
- the door was opened too fast
- fuel was not added in the correct phase of burning
- the door sealing is damaged (contact your fireplace technician)

The wood burns too quickly or the consumption of the wood is too high Possible reasons:

- incorrect fuel was used
- recommended dose of the fuel was not kept
- the air supply for burning did not reduce
- the door is not completely closed

The cooling loop often switches off

Possible reasons:

- the recommended dose of the fuel is not kept
- there is a high temperature of the accumulation tank - stop and add wood - the valve is damaged (contact your fireplace technician)
- there was an electricity breakdown - stop to add wood

- c) Insufficient heating in spite of proper burning in the combustion chamber:
  - low-calorific softwood (use wood which meets the guidelines in the Manual);
  - too-high humidity of the wood used for burning (use wood with a humidity of up to 20%);
  - too fragmented wood, too-thick wood billets;
- d) Excessive glass-dirt accumulation:
  - low-intensity burning (when burning with a very-low flame, use dry wood fuel only);
  - the use of high-resin softwood as fuel (use dry hardwood fuel in compliance with the firebox-operation manual).
- e) The operation can be affected by weather conditions (air humidity, fog, wind, air pressure), and sometimes by surrounding tall buildings.

If the problem persists, have a chimney sweep company carry out a study and issue a report to confirm the cause of such disruption and to advise on the best solution to the problem.

## **If defects continue, contact your fireplace technician!!**



As a result of slow burning, an excessive amount of organic combustion products is produced (soot and water vapour), which forms ignitable creosote in the smoke duct. This leads to violent combustion in the chimney flue (large flame and high temperature) referred to as a chimney fire.

If such a phenomenon occurs, do the following

- close the air intake;
- ensure that the door is closed correctly;
- call your local Fire Service.

The manufacturer A.Caminetti waives all liability for any damage arising from any changes to the appliance and any changes to the other system made by the user. In aiming at the continual improvement of its products, A.Caminetti reserves the right to make changes to its appliances without any notification.

## **16. WARRANTY**

A.caminetti warrants brand new wood-burning fireplaces for 5 years. The warranty covers:

- Production defects.
- Fire-penetration of the steel, assuming that the stove has been fired up correctly.

In case you have questions or require servicing during the warranty period, please contact your dealer who will assist you. Always inform the dealer of which model you have purchased as well as the serial number of your stove.

The following are not covered by the warranty:

- Transportation damages.
- Secondary damages resulting from the use of the stove.
- Damages resulting from incorrect use such as superheating. Such damages may be avoided by following the operating manual instructions.
- Glass, soapstone, sandstone and ceramics

If the chips are down and your stove needs repairing under the warranty, you must be able to present a dated and signed invoice stating the name of the dealer and the model. In case of repairs under the warranty, the parts and labor costs will be covered by A.caminetti.

**THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING "A.CAMINETTI"**





### **A.caminetti factory**

National road  
Korce-Erseke,  
KORCE,ALBANIA

### **A.caminetti GmbH**

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